

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

Vol X. No. 195

Gettysburg, Pa. Monday June 3 1912

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A vital, absorbing story of a confidence man reformed through the tender mother-love of his intended victim.

THE SIX LITTLE DRUMMER'S.....Pathe Comedy

THE CHAUFFEUR.....Cin-es Comedy

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Live Right, Dress Right and You're All Right

There isn't a man in the world more entitled to good looks, good clothes and good luck than yourself.

Lippy Clothes are the kind that put you right.

J. D. LIPPY, Tailor.

THE QUALITY SHOP

Our Summer list of Haberdashery consists of a fine line of underwear, Lion Brand Shirts and collars, the very latest line of ties, including the Del Park wash ties, interwoven silk hose and the famous Brigham Hopkins straw hats.

Our High School and College Penants and Cushions make nice graduation presents.

We have the official Boy Scout Penant.

You will find in our Tailoring department a fine assortment of Summer Fabrics for your commencement suit.

Will M. Seligman.

Tailor. Haberdasher.

Table Ware Used But Once

All the Knives, Forks, Spoons and Tin Cups used by St. James Church at the Memorial Day luncheon are now offered for sale at The Gettysburg Department Store. Knives 5 cents each, forks and spoons 1 cent each. Pretty and attractive white metal, tin cups 1 cent each.

Gettysburg Department Store

THOMAS BROTHERS

On the square for a square deal.

HATS—We have all the newest straws.

Shoe Department The toes are not so high this season, our assortment is equal to the city, call and be convinced. We are closing out a lot of \$3.25 and \$3.50 shoes at \$2.39. Not quite the latest style but the quality is in them.

Hosiery We give this department special attention and have them to suit everybody, always have in stock extra size hose for stout people. We added a 25c Misses to our line.

BOY'S SUITS—Have prices that will surprise you. Buy our underwear and keep cool. MEN'S B.V.D. Porisknit, Union Suits, balbriggan. LADIES—Snug fit Union Suits, muslin combination suits and vests of every description, also boys underwear.

Another assortment dinner sets just came in, all new designs. We handle the New Idea 10c patterns. Thanking you for past favors.

THOMAS BROTHERS,

General Merchandise, Biglerville, Pa.

ATTEMPTED TO TAKE HIS LIFE

Robert Knox Takes Three Tablets of Bichloride of Mercury. Quick Medical Attention Saves His Life. Married and Has Two Children

Taking three tablets of bichloride of mercury with suicidal intent Robert Knox, of South Washington street, had a narrow escape from death on Sunday, prompt and vigorous measures on the part of a physician alone saving the young man's life. Domestic trouble is given as the cause for the act.

Mr. Knox had been down town in the morning and, complaining of feeling ill, his father accompanied him home. The father left the young man in the house and went outside for a little while; when he returned another son had found a partly emptied bottle of the poisonous tablets lying on the floor. The son, Robert, was at once questioned but was reticent about admitting that he had taken some of the poison more generally known as corrosive sublimate.

Dr. H. M. Hartman was summoned, however, and to him Knox admitted having taken three tablets, sufficient to kill several men. Vigorous measures were taken to rid the body of the poison and after a half hour's hard work the man was out of danger. The tablets had been dissolved in water making the quick measures of relief all the more necessary.

Today he is able to sit up and is now completely out of danger. Mr. Knox is about twenty five years old, is married and has two children.

SOME CROP TALK

People who travel in the country districts these days are surprised to find that there is considerable corn yet to be planted.

One farmer stated he considered that corn planted within the past week or ten days would be found to make the best growth and would no doubt lead the crops planted a month ago, as the cold weather seems to have affected the tender plants. He stated he once knew a corn planted on June 10 to make good corn.

When asked to explain the spotted appearance of some grass fields, one farmer stated he thought probably the time of sowing the grass seed, or probably the conditions of the fields in winter had something to do with this result. He stated that if the plants were not well rooted during the drought, early last summer, that they probably perished in some spots. He was also of the opinion that if snow was blown from the fields in spots during the extremely cold weather of last winter, that this might have caused the spots. At all events, whatever caused the spots they are there, and they will cause a considerable reduction in the yield of some fields. There will, however, after deducting the spots, be a larger hay crop than has been gathered in this or the adjoining counties for some years.

The wheat looks well, and where a few weeks ago farmers were saying they expected an unusual growth of straw, they are now saying the straw will be about what is the usual growth. The belief that the straw yields would be large was based upon the long continued wet weather. A big growth of straw is never so desirable in a wheat field. Wheat does not appear to be so thick upon the ground, excepting in some fields. All wheat is now in head, and these appear to be unusually large, and the indications they are they will fill and that the crop will be an excellent one.

In view of the high price of potatoes the past winter when they reached \$1.50 and \$1.60 per bushel, more than usual have been planted in some sections, while in other sections it is reported that the high price of seed potatoes kept many persons from planting more than they needed, for their own actual consumption.

UNCLAIMED LETTERS

The following letters remain unclaimed in the Gettysburg post office June 3, 1912:

Mr. Bob Smith, Mrs. Emma Shelmire, Mr. R. J. Weikert.

Parties calling for the above will please state that they were advertised. C. Wm. Beales, postmaster.

DELINQUENT tax notice. Having resigned as tax collector of the Borough of Gettysburg, all my tax books must be closed. For the convenience of tax payers I will sit at Court House, on June 10th, 11th and 12th, between the hours of 1 and 5 p. m., for the purpose of receiving all taxes yet unpaid. All taxes not paid by that time, will be collected by adverse proceedings according to law. Wm. H. Frook.

DONT fail to see us if you are in the market for a buggy. We have a few to sell at absolute cost. Gettysburg Supply House.

VETERANS ARRIVE FOR ENCAMPMENT

Grand Army Men here for Annual Meeting. Ladies of the G. A. R. and Woman's Relief Corps here also.

With their ranks depleted but their enthusiasm as great as ever, hundreds who fought through the days of the Civil War for the integrity of the Union came to Gettysburg today for the annual state encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. A special train with the veterans and their families from Philadelphia and vicinity arrived at one o'clock this afternoon. Another special was scheduled to arrive at 5 p. m., from Pittsburgh while the regular trains contributed their quota from other parts of the state.

With the "boys in blue" came the members of the two auxiliary associations, the Ladies of the G. A. R. and the Women's Relief Corps, and throughout the week meetings, receptions, reunions and other events will follow each other in rapid succession.

No formal meeting is scheduled until Tuesday evening when a camp fire will be held in the Court House to which all attending any of the encampments are welcome together with the people of the town. In the meantime the veterans may be expected to be relating their pleasant reminiscences of the strenuous days of the early sixties.

Adjutant General Snyder has been here since Friday arranging all the final details for the encampment of the Grand Army and the sessions starting Wednesday will have their usual interesting features and matters of importance to the veterans. The women's organizations will introduce some new events in their programs and the people of Gettysburg will be invited to at least one session, that of the Relief Corps in Brua Chapel on Wednesday morning when a flag will be presented to the college and a medal to Esther Crouse for her essay on "The Good Citizen." Hotel and boarding houses have been filling up rapidly all day. The frequent visits of the Grand Army and their auxiliaries have resulted in many friendships being formed between Gettysburg people and the visitors with the result that most of the veterans and their families stay with acquaintances of other years when they come here for their meetings.

The weather forecast for the week is favorable and indications are that the disagreeable conditions of three years ago, when a week of rain spoiled the encampment, will not be met again this week.

The headquarters of all three organizations are located at the Eagle Hotel.

ANDREW F. BIGHAM

Andrew F. Bigham died at his home in Hanover, about 1 a. m., Saturday, after an illness of six months. His age was 58 years and 13 days.

Mr. Bigham was a native of Fairfield and formerly resided at New Oxford. He moved to Hanover last December and was employed as a section hand on the W. M. R. R.

He is survived by his wife and six children, as follows: Mrs. Cletus Billman, New Oxford; Miss Irma E. Alonza A. Luther, Roy D., and Gladys Bigham, at home. He is also survived by two brothers and two sisters—Plus Bigham, of near Gettysburg; James Bigham, of Fairfield; Mrs. Edward Singley, of Orrtanna, and Mrs. Henry Bingenman, of Buchanan Valley, this county.

Funeral Monday, June 3d, services at the house at 2 p. m., Rev. W. L. Redkey, officiating. Interment in Mt. Olivet cemetery, Hanover.

CASHTOWN GETS A PARK

The meeting of the Cashtown civic league on Friday evening was of unusual interest. Several surprises and complete surprises to some of the members, were given. The first was a proposition from H. L. Bream, presented by one of the members to give to the League for use as a small park, that strip of ground including the spring and extending as far up as the old tavern. The proposition was received with enthusiasm, a committee was appointed to confer with Mr. Bream and at an early day it is likely that steps will be taken to fit up the ground as a place of beauty and recreation. A tennis court, croquet ground, seats, swings, &c., were some of the possibilities mentioned. Another surprise was given in honor of the president and was a delicious treat of strawberries, ice cream, cake and coffee.

BIGLERVILLE W. C. T. U.

The Biglerville W. C. T. U. will meet at the home of Mrs. Cornelius Sandoe, Biglerville on Tuesday, June 4.

WE have left a few Emmerson buggies from our clearance sale of last spring that we will sell at cost. Gettysburg Supply House.

CONTENTS OF CORNER STONE

Old Church at New Oxford is Razed and Corner Stone is Found to Contain Interesting Material and Facts.

In tearing down the old St. Paul's Reformed church in New Oxford, it was found that the cornerstone, which had been the cornerstone of the original church building, contained nothing more than one of the old time large copper cents bearing date of 1852, and two ordinary bricks. Nineteen courses of brick above the cornerstone, placed there on account of getting some distance above the earth, there was encased in the wall a wooden box, on the inside of which was a tin box 4 x 10 inches by 3 1/2 inches in depth. This latter box was soldered shut on all sides, and on being forced open was found to contain the following:

On the top was an old newspaper evidently put there to fill the box. Next there was a sheet of ordinary sandpaper folded with the smooth side in, upon which was written the following: Carpenters in the erection of this church—Elias Roth, architect (Mr. Roth is now in the 84th year of his age, and is hale and hearty residing in New Oxford.) Michael M. Myers, Charles Sherman, Martin Grubb, masons and bricklayers: Henry Kuhn, Henry Felix, John Kennen; cost of material—brick \$5 per thousand; bricklaying \$1.25; lumber \$15 per thousand feet; shingles \$9 per thousand.

In the box were report of synod of German Reformed church, printed at Chambersburg in October 1860; a small Bible and New Testament, book of psalms and hymns and Heidelberg catechism, a copy of the Dierfermeite Kirchen Zeitung, bearing date of July 15, 1861, and label of S. Wiest, a copy of Reformed Messenger, of date of July 3, 1861, bearing label of Rev. E. Hofheims, both printed at Chambersburg; copy of Gettysburg Compiler, H. J. Stahl, publisher, dated July 22, 1861; this paper contained notice of laying of corner stone which took place Saturday, July 2, 1861; a copy of Gettysburg Star and Banner, J. T. McElhenny, publisher. There were seven coins.

In the bottom of the box was a printed card advertising Blair and Stoner, tinmiths, S. E. Corner Hanover street, New Oxford, who evidently made the tin box that contained the articles. There was also in the box a small bottle which was about one fourth full of wine. All the books, papers, etc., were well preserved with but few exceptions.

\$1,000 TO CROSS STATE LINE

Having to cross the Mason and Dixon line at Pen Mar to get his mail cost Charles D. Cameron \$1,000. He lives at the Mount Vernon Hotel on the Maryland side of the line. It seems that Mr. Cameron and his wife separated about 1901. In November of that year Mrs. Cameron, who lives in Carlisle, secured an order from the Cumberland County Court requiring her husband to pay her \$12 a month alimony.

He went to live with his adopted daughter, Mrs. Cora Ridinger, who runs the Mount Vernon Hotel, but paid the amount until February, 1908, when he failed in business.

Some time ago Mrs. Cameron secured a bench warrant requiring her husband to pay the overdue amount, about \$600. Chief of Police Staley, of Waynesboro, detailed Policeman Charles Daywalt to make the arrest. He got Mr. Cameron when he came into Pennsylvania for his mail.

Mr. Cameron went to Carlisle and by paying \$1,000 had his wife's claim for alimony, past, present and future, settled.

LEVI PLANK

Levi Plank died at noon Saturday at his home in Cumberland township, aged 87 years, 5 months and 3 days. He leaves his wife and five children, Donald Plank, Mrs. David Schwartz and John Schwartz, of Mount Joy township; Mrs. Phil Rider, Cumberland township; Pierce Plank, Gettysburg.

Funeral this morning meeting at the house at ten o'clock. Interment in Evergreen cemetery, Gettysburg.

ST. FRANCIS XAVIER'S GRADUATES

The Sisters in charge of the students of the local parochial schools are preparing for the annual commencement exercises to be held the thirteenth of June. Misses Helen Stock and Helen Myers will graduate this year. The address to the graduates will be made by Rev. John M. Nicholson, D. D., of Philadelphia. Many prominent out of town clergymen are expected to be present.

"THE company that does things," Commercial Accident Company. The most reliable policy in America is their accident and health—\$5.00 per year for \$1,000. Dougherty and Hartley, insurance.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Paragraphs of News Telling of the Happenings in and about Town. People Visiting here and those Sojourning Elsewhere.

Miss Isabella McKinney has returned home to Taneytown after spending the past week with her grandmother, Mrs. S. M. McKinney.

Miss Beniah Wierman is visiting friends in Harrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Morris Young, of Philadelphia have been visiting here for the past few days.

Miss Helen Stock, of Baltimore street, spent Sunday with friends in York.

Rev. and Mrs. Jonas K. Robb spent the past few days here on their way from Wilmerding to New Kingston where they will make their future home.

Miss Strook returned to Carlisle on Sunday after spending the winter here as one of the members of the High School faculty.

Mrs. Elizabeth Wisler and Mrs. William Golden left last Sunday to spend the week in York with relatives and attending the conference.

The HOME of the Pennsylvania College Aid Society has been altered to the Alumni Dinner Association. A meeting will be held in Brua Chapel June 4th at 3 p. m.

Miss Oliver, of New Haven, Conn., is a guest at the home of Dr. and Mrs. W. A. Granville.

Dr. Walter H. O'Neal, Baltimore street, spent Friday and Saturday in Washington.

Mrs. N. S. Heindel and Miss Jean Heindel have returned from a visit of several days with relatives in Washington.

Miss Frances Fritchey has returned to her home on East Middle street after having spent the school year teaching at Blackstone, Virginia.

Dr. M. Coover preached the baccalaureate sermon to the graduating class of Irving College, Mechanicsburg, on Sunday.

Mrs. Crapster has returned to her home in Taneytown after spending several days with her father, Dr. J. W. C. O'Neal, on Carlisle street.

Mr. and Mrs. Leslie Diehl, of Harrisburg, spent Saturday with friends in Gettysburg.

Misses Frances McClean, Rachael Skelly and Mary Slaybaugh, Maurice Weaver, Maurice Bender, Joseph Fritchey, Bruce Albert and Edward Sincell were guests Saturday evening at a party given by Misses Florence and Elizabeth Hersh in New Oxford, for their guest, Miss Mitchell.

Wallace Reindollar, of Taneytown, was the guest of friends in Gettysburg on Sunday.

Mrs. John D. Monroe, Miss Monroe and Miss a'Becket, of Philadelphia, are guests at the home of Dr. and Mrs. H. C. Alleman, Seminary Ridge.

Grover Maus, of Franklin and Marshall College, Lancaster, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Krebs, on East Middle street.

The first carload of granite for the new Virginia monument to be erected along West Confederate avenue arrived on Saturday.

Charles Laly has finished laying the borough curb on the first square of Baltimore street. Several property owners along that street contemplate laying concrete pavements.

William Codori, Jr., sustained a badly bruised arm Sunday when he fell from his motorcycle and slid for about twenty five feet along the Emmitsburg road. Dr. Hartman gave the necessary attention.

Conservative estimates placed the number of visitors at the Church of the Brethren convention in York on Sunday at 35,000. A number of the people visited the Gettysburg battle field today.

Warren S. Stone claims that the treatment received by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers from the Board of Trade of Harrisburg was the "worst ever." Otherwise the convention is declared to have been a great success. It seems that the Board of Trade is accused of not living up to some promises made when the convention was sought two years ago. Mr. Stone's salary as grand chief was raised from \$7,000 to \$10,000 before the close of the convention.

Mr. Frier, who is agitating the placing of the Cyclorama here, was a Gettysburg visitor last week and "looked over" the Crosta Field property. He is said to have been much pleased with it.

The college base ball team defeated Franklin and Marshall College at Lancaster on Saturday afternoon by the score of 4 to 2.

One of the horses of A. H. Butt injured in last week's fire died Saturday from the burns.

LETTERS FROM COUNTY TOWNS

Correspondents send in Many Items of Interesting News from their Respective Towns. Personals and Many Brief Items.

FAIRFIELD

Fairfield, June 3 — Harry McGlaughlin is home from the Shippensburg Normal School with a badly sprained knee.

Misses Grace Byers and Blanche McClellan, of the Shippensburg Normal School spent last Saturday and Sunday at their homes in this place.

Robert B. Marshall, of Buffalo, N. Y., is visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. W. D. C. Marshall.

Rev. Guy B. King, son of Mr. and Mrs. E. E. King, of this place, filled the pulpit in the Reformed church last Sunday morning and evening.

A large number of our citizens spent Memorial Day in Gettysburg.

Dr. Ervin Diehl, of Trenton, N. J., and D. L. Menges, of Union Seminary, New York, spent several days last week with G. R. King.

Ray Musselman, of Harrisburg, was home last week.

Rev. W. K. Flock and family spent several days last week in Gettysburg.

Rev. J. Harry Musselman and wife, of Danville, spent a short time here last week.

Levi McCorney, wife and daughter, of Blue Ridge Summit, were over Sunday visitors at the home of Calvin Seifert last week.

CASHTOWN

Cashtown, June 3—Last Sunday was a busy day for automobiles and motorcycles as the pike was full of them from early to late.

On Monday John Shultz, formerly of near this place, but now of Path Valley, was visiting among friends here. He is a son of G. H. Shultz, who at one time lived in the Valley and now lives near Waynesboro. John was a small boy when they moved away. Everybody was glad to see him.

Harry Brown and wife and son, Floyd, were the guests of Mr. Brown's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Adam Deardorff on Sunday.

On Sunday morning, June 9th, at 10 o'clock, there will be children's services at Flohr's Lutheran church.

Our town was very dull on Thursday except for the people going through to Gettysburg. Charles W. Felix, who keeps the toll gate, received 147 auto toll tickets Thursday making the most that have ever gone through here on one day.

Miss Cora Thorn, of Harrisburg, is spending a few days with her aunt, Mrs. H. A. Bucher.

Robert and Nevin Shultz, who are employed by the Western Maryland Railroad at Hagerstown, spent a few days at home over the 30th.

Mrs. Carrie Eiker and son, of Waynesboro, are spending a few days with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Shultz.

SCHOOL MONEY IS DUE NEXT MONTH

The provision in the school code that the financial year should begin with the first Monday of July will be effective this year for the first time and the school appropriations, which have for years dated from June's first Monday, will be made a month later. The effect of this change of the time will make the state's appropriation available next month instead of next Monday.

Coincident with this change of time of beginning distribution to districts, which file the required reports with the State Department of Public Instruction a new system of calculating the allotment to each district will be made. Heretofore the appropriation has been based on the number of taxable inhabitants, teachers regularly employed and school children. This year and thereafter it will be paid according to number of children and teachers.

TROUBLESOME GYPSIES

A band of gypsies, traveling in seven wagons, visited Cashtown on Sunday and made themselves generally troublesome with their efforts to "tell fortunes." From E. W. Hartman they took \$5.00 and he got it back only after threats. They later visited the home of Lewis Carbaugh and took a similar sum from his pocket book. He had to threaten to knock down the offending gypsy before he could get back his money.

LOST: milk account book. Reward if returned to Emory J. Cleveland, Ice and Storage Company.

LOST: automobile license tag No. 46275. Finder please notify Sheriff G. R. Thompson.

LOST: Sigma Chi fraternity pin studded with white stones. \$5.00 reward if returned to Times office.

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

Published Daily Except Sunday
Times and News Publishing Company
W. LAVERE HAFER, Secretary and Treasurer.
PHILIP R. BIKLE, President.

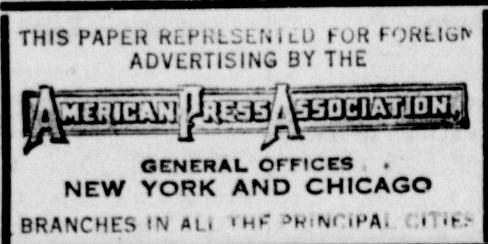
PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES: Served by carrier in Gettysburg for 25 cents per month. Mailed outside of Gettysburg for 25 cents per month. Single copies to non-subscribers, 2 cents.

IF you receive THE TIMES by mail you can find the date up to which you are paid on the pink address label on your paper. The date will be changed within ten days after your money is received at The Times Office.

Entered August 15, 1904, at Gettysburg, Pa., as second-class matter, under Congress March 3, 1879.

BELL PHONE UNITED PHONE
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.



Want ads. 1 cent per word for first insertion and one-half cent per word for each additional insertion. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials 1 cent per word.

TO OUR READERS

The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan.

Our advertising columns are open to all candidates of all parties.

SEE OUR REGAL and KEITH & PRATT SHOES and OXFODS for MEN

Owing to a mistake in dates; the display of SUITINGS will not take place April 24th. SAMPLES BOOK at store now.

C. B. KITZMILLER.

Rhode Island Red Hatching Eggs For Sale

Price 50 cents for 15 eggs.

Stock as fine as any in the country. Can be gotten from

Wm. B. McIlhenny at

"WOODSIDE FARM" near Hunterstown.

TAKE WARNING

If your property had been destroyed by fire Monday night, as were several places in the rear of Chambersburg Street, what would it have meant to you in dollars and cents? Are you amply protected against such a loss? If not take warning from last night's fire, and let me place your fire protection with one of the companies I represent.

G. C. FISSEL

Masonic Building

Gettysburg, Pa.

Coal, Wood and Gas Range

All three in one

At approximately the cost of either a good Coal Range or a Gas Range. Gas burners are always ready, and the coal section can be arranged in 3 seconds. Does not occupy much space. Let us show it to you.

Special prices on SEWING MACHINES

By reason of our closing out several lines of Sewing Machines, we have some exceptional values on our floor From \$15.00 up. They may not last long.

Chas. S. Mumper & Co.

First National Bank Building, Centre Square.

HATS CLEANED

Panama, Straw and Felt Hats cleaned and reblocked. We make your old hat look like new.

JOHN and LOUIS PETTIS

Shoe Shining Parlor.

FARMERS ATTENTION!

BLACK PRINCE No. 251, sire of Garibaldi, (formerly owned by the Franklin Township Horse Company), has been licensed by the State Live Stock Sanitary Board as an unregistered and SOUND Stallion, weighs 1350 pounds, height 16 hands. Black Prince will stand on the farm of G. C. OYLER, Franklin Township, from April 1st. to July 1st, 1912.

For further information write or phone to,

George C. Oyler, Owner and Keeper
R. F. D. 5. Gettysburg, Pa.

T. R.'S LEADERS TO FORCE TEST

Will Demand Seating of New Committeeman.

CONTROL IS PRIZE SOUGHT

Other Contests Will Follow at Once if the Initial Maneuver is Victorious.

Chicago, June 3.—Friends of Colonel Roosevelt announced that the first real test of strength between their candidate and President Taft would come next Thursday, when R. B. Howell, national committeeman from Nebraska, would demand to be seated as the successor of Victor Rosewater, acting chairman of the national Republican committee, prior to the hearing of contests by that body.

The Roosevelt managers are prepared to make a determined fight to have Mr. Howell seated, and if they succeed they will demand that Borden D. Whiting, of New Jersey; Thomas K. Niedringhaus, of Missouri, and other national committeemen-elect, either chosen by direct primary or state convention, be seated.

By this means they may succeed in controlling the national committee and deciding whether Senator Elhu Root, of New York, shall be recommended as temporary chairman of the convention.

Harry S. New, chairman of the subcommittee on arrangements for the convention, declined to discuss the plans of the Roosevelt leaders, but intimated that he believed the national committee would not seat Mr. Howell or any other committeeman-elect until after the adjournment of the convention. He also expressed the opinion that the national committee would approve of the selection of Senator Root as temporary chairman and endorse the plan adopted for the distribution of convention tickets.

Mr. Howell arrived in Chicago, armed with a certificate signed by Governor Aldrich, of Nebraska, and the secretary of state, auditor, treasurer and attorney general of that state, setting forth that he was regularly elected to the office April 19, 1912.

Mr. Howell, after conferring with Secretary Sims, of the national Roosevelt committee, issued the following statement:

"There can be no question that I am, under the laws of the state, the only person entitled to act as national committeeman from Nebraska. I have a certificate of election issued by Nebraska's secretary of state and I have qualified to assume my duties as national committeeman, as provided by law.

"As to whether or not I will be allowed to perform the functions of the office will depend entirely upon whether or not the national committee, when I present my credentials, will recognize the primary laws of the state of Nebraska.

"As I understand it, the national committee has already adopted a rule recognizing such laws of the various states; hence it would appear that the committee must grant me my seat or else it will make an exception in the application of its rules in the favor of its acting chairman."

Beginning today, Chicago will be the center of the fight for the nomination for president, as the headquarters of Taft, Roosevelt, La Follette and Cummins were opened here.

OPPOSED TO ROOT

Governor of Wisconsin Says He Will Refuse Appeal.

New York, June 3.—William Barnes, Jr., chairman of the Republican state committee, admitted the receipt of Governor McGovern's telegram refusing to hear to Mr. Barnes' appeal for the support of the Wisconsin delegation for Senator Root as temporary chairman of the Chicago convention.

Mr. Barnes said: "Everybody has a right to their own opinion. This is only one of over 400 answers I have had to my widely circulated appeal. I do not see that there is anything for me to say further in comment."

"Will you say how many of your replies have been favorable to your appeal?"

"Not at this time," he replied.

Gov. McGovern is chairman of the Wisconsin delegation to the Republican national convention. He said that Senator Root represented "political views and methods that should not be sanctioned at the Chicago convention," and that Root's selection would invite defeat in November.

Cuban Rebels Burn Town.

Havana, June 3.—General Estenoz, the negro commander-in-chief, burned the town of La Maya, on the railroad between San Luis and Guantanamo. There were fifteen rurales as defenders of the town, but their resistance was futile. Two hundred houses were burned.

Match Play Ruins Two Blocks.

Sandy Lake, Pa., June 3.—Fire originating in a lively stable destroyed two blocks of buildings causing a loss estimated at \$65,000. Boys playing with matches in the rear of the stable are said to have been the cause.

W. H. DINKLE.

GRADUATE OF OPTICS

will be at Penrose

Myers' Jew-

elry Store, every

Tuesday. Free

examination of

the eyes.

FOR SALE: Buff Orpington na

Columbia Wyandotte hens. Eggs for

rearing. George Taylor.

HARRY S. NEW.
Chairman Committee of Arrangements For G. O. P. Convention.



TWO AVIATORS DIE IN PLUNGE

Accident Occurs at Beginning of Long Flight.

North Yakima, Wash., June 3. — Philip O. Parmelee, the brightest pupil of the late Wilbur Wright in the navigation of the air, was almost instantly killed here while attempting a flight at an aviation exhibition.

The death of Wilbur Wright at Dayton had deeply affected Parmelee, but rather than disappoint the crowd that had gathered for the widely advertised exhibition he decided to take the air.

His machine rose easily from a point near the grandstand, and although the wind was gusty, he speeded his motor and steered his course directly away from the fair grounds. He had been up in the air about three minutes and had traveled almost three miles, at a height of 400 feet, when a gust of wind struck the tail of his machine and stood it on head in the air.

Parmelee never had a chance to right the machine. It plunged headforemost to the ground, crushing the aviator in the wreckage.

When spectators lifted the heavy machine Parmelee was barely breathing and expired before a surgeon reached him.

AVIATOR FALLS TO DEATH

Plunge to Death in Germany at Beginning of 425-Mile Flight.

Bremen, Germany, June 3.—Albert Buchtaetter, one of the best known of the German aviators, and his passenger, Lieutenant Stille, of the German army, were killed when their monoplane plunged to the ground just after starting on the northwest aviation circuit of 425 miles.

The monoplane, guided by Buchtaetter, rose and was taking a curve preparatory to straightening out for the long journey when the accident occurred. Evidently the aviator overbanked his machine. The monoplane dropped so heavily that it was half buried in the earth and had to be taken apart before the bodies of the two men could be extricated.

Fifteen professional aviators, with members of the army aviation corps as passengers, had entered the contest, but after the accident the flight was abandoned. The calamity was witnessed by a distinguished gathering, among which was the Grand Duke of Oldenburg.

BOYS FIND HIDDEN MONEY

Discover Four Twenty Dollar Gold Pieces Among Rocks.

Summit Hill, Pa., June 3. — Roy Mimm and John Kreitz, two youths of this town, while playing near the school yard found several twenty dollar gold coins.

The news was soon spread, and in a short time the scene of the gold find was crowded with eager searchers, but the two boys had found all the money there was—four coins of the denomination of \$20 each.

The boys were honest and didn't know what to do with the money, so they turned it over to Squire Joseph Garrett, who is also in a quandary as to what to do with it, but in all likelihood the money will be turned over to the lads who found it.

It is supposed that the money was hidden or thrown among the rocks where discovered by a foreigner who recently committed suicide at that particular spot.

Held For \$25,000 Bank Theft.

Denver, Colo., June 3.—F. C. Grable, former president of the First National bank, of Wellington, Colo., was arrested, charged with aiding and abetting the misappropriation of \$25,000 of the bank's funds. John S. Cusack, former cashier, was arrested recently, charged with a shortage of \$1000 in the bank's accounts. It is charged that Cusack was Grable's victim. Both men are out on bond.

NOTICE

Letters of Administration on the Estate of William J. Biesecker, late of Franklin Township, Adams County, Pa., deceased, having been granted to the undersigned residing in Cashtown, Pa. all persons indebted to said Estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims will present them to G. Washington Biesecker, Administrator or William Hersh Esq., Attorney.

LAD DYING FROM PLAYMATE'S SHOT

Pistol Found by Boys Accidentally Discharged.

SHIELDS HIS COMPANION

Wounded Boy Declares the Bullet That Struck Him Came From the Woods.

Phoenixville, Pa., June 3.—A bullet from a big caliber revolver, which was accidentally discharged by a playmate, penetrated the abdomen of twelve-year-old Thomas Quinn, of this place, and he is in the Phoenixville hospital in a dying condition.

The boy who shot him, Charles Devlin, fourteen years old, has confessed to the deed, after first denying that he fired the shot, and is sick from fright and remorse.

It was not until Devlin admitted that he fired the revolver that the story of the accident was learned, for the wounded boy persisted in shielding his unlucky playmate until he lapsed into unconsciousness.

The shooting occurred when Quinn and Devlin, accompanied by twelve-year-old Vincent Rowan, were wandering about in the woods overlooking the Schuylkill river at Black Rock.

They had found the revolver, which was loaded, according to the story of one of the boys, and were playing with it, when Devlin's finger released the bullet, which ploughed into Quinn's intestines.

For several minutes the boys, frightened when their playmate fell with lightning to the ground, did nothing to aid him. Then the Rowan boy endeavored to drag his wounded companion out of the woods to a nearby house. He was forced to abandon this task and went for help.

The injured boy, while waiting for the hospital ambulance, declared that he did not know where the bullet had come from, and that somebody, unknown to him, had fired from the woods. Devlin later told how he had shot Quinn and thrown the revolver into a graveyard.

COFFIN SCORCHED BY FIRE

Candles on Casket Topped Over and Set Fire to Room.

New York, June 3.—Two candles beside a casket containing the bodies of Mrs. Oscar Warner and her baby on the third floor of 441 West Fifth street tipped over and set fire to the drapings of the coffin.

Mr. Warner, who had been sitting beside the casket most of the night jumped up and with the help of his mother attempted to beat out the flames with his hands.

They spread too rapidly to the furnishings of the room and finally, with their clothes on fire, Warner and his mother rushed from the room and fell in the hallway. There they were found by policemen a few minutes later and the flames in their clothing extinguished, but both were seriously burned and were taken to a hospital.

The fire in the apartment cut off escape to the street by the stairs and the police and firemen helped many of the tenants to escape by the roof and across to other tenants.

The fire was put out in a few moments after the firemen arrived and they carried the coffin, badly scorched across the street to an undertaker's shop.

TWO MEN CRAZED BY HEAT

One Attempted Suicide and Other Pa- raded Streets Nude.

Greenwich, Conn., June 3. — Crazy with the heat is the reason given for what befell two Greenwich men.

August Johnson tried to drown himself, first by jumping into the creek at low tide and snuffing up handfuls of water in his nose and then by holding his head under water. When rescued he broke away and jumped in again. He was put in a padded cell.

Hugh Elliott drove at his home and in the garb of Eve, minus the fig leaves, paraded the village streets calling for Eve. Instead of Eve appearing the chief of police in an automobile, with the assistance of two other officers, took Elliott, wrapped in a blanket, to a sanitarium.

Eighteen Killed by Dynamite.

Kingston, Ont., June 3.—A report from Lake Opinicon is that eighteen men were killed in a construction camp on the Canadian Northern rail road as the result of a premature explosion of dynamite. Prescott Northrup, foreman, was loading the blast. His body was torn badly. The other dead were Roumanians.

Crying Baby Routs Burglar.

Altoona, Pa., June 3.—A baby's cry put to flight a burglar who had broken into Clarence Bergstresser's home at South Altoona. Change to the amount of \$4.80 was taken, but a quantity of jewelry that had been gathered together was left behind.

\$15,000,000 For Charity.

London, June 3.—Sir Julius Charles Wertheim, head of the De Beers diamond syndicate and of the firm of Wertheim, Pelt & Co., who died in London, May 21, is reported to have left \$15,000,000 to charity.

Ever Subject to Tender Passion.

Woman is too soft to hate permanently. Even if a hundred men have been a grief to her, she will still love the hundred and first.—Johann Gottfried Kinkel.

Varying Qualities of the Sexes. Woman sees deep; man sees far. To the man the world is his heart; to the woman the heart is his world.—Christian Dietrich Grabbe.

QUEEREST PRISON IN WORLD

Arizona County Jail is Blasted Out of a Mountain of Solid Quartz Rock.

When the authorities of Graham county, Arizona, decided to look about for a place in which to confine criminals, they found a natural depression in the side of a hill. This was enlarged into what might be called an artificial cave, divided into four compartments. The cave was excavated parallel to the side of the mountain in which it was made, and daylight admitted by holes blown out of the wall with explosives, the windows being guarded by a network of heavy steel bars. The entrance to the depression was also closed in the same manner, and a vestibule or porch of masonry built out from it to provide quarters for the sheriff and his assistants. This vestibule is also divided into compartments, which are connected by gates of steel bars. The only way of entering the prison is through the vestibule of masonry, and in order to escape the inmates would have to cut their way through three sets of bars which are an inch in thickness, as the windows are so high up above the rock forming the floor of the cells that they could not reach them. It is necessary, however, to have a very secure place, as the criminals in this part of the country are of a most desperate class, and the inmates frequently include murderers and highwaymen. The mountain which has thus been turned into a prison is composed of solid quartz rock, and the excavation was made principally by the use of explosives. The jail is located in the town of Clifton, the county seat.—Wide World Magazine.

MORALITY OF THE ELEPHANT

He Makes a Cat's Paw of Boy's Hand to Steal the Unhusked Rice.

Singular as it may seem, elephants which have associated with men entertain the notion that, under special circumstances, they are not responsible if they utilize another to commit an illegal act. The following is an instance of this elephantine morality:

A man in Rangoon bought three young elephants to send to England. They were tame and playful, but cunning. Knowing that it was wrong to steal paddy (unhusked rice)—the idea had doubtless been impressed upon them by punishment for stealing—they would not touch it themselves. But if a boy went to see them, he would be seized by one, the little trunk would be coiled around his arm, and he would be led to where the paddy was kept in bags.

The elephant would make a cat's paw of the boy's hand to take up a handful of paddy. Then, letting go, he would turn up the end of his trunk, open it, and coaxingly invite the boy to drop in the paddy.

Should the boy, however, put it back in the bag, his arm would again be seized by the trunk, and his hand would be again inserted into the paddy bag.

The boy, anxious to be released, would usually drop the paddy into the trunk, and the elephant would blow the rice into his mouth. After repeating the operation several times, the elephant would scamper off, feeling that he had got the paddy without stealing it.—Harper's Weekly.

Staining Glass.

The art of colored glass has been lost and refound, guarded and stolen so many times during the history of civilization that it seems almost impossible to say anything new on glass staining. Yet a process has been discovered for making the stained glass used in windows which is a departure from anything known to the old timers.

The glass first receives its design in mineral colors, and the whole is then fired in a heat so intense that the coloring matter and the glass are indissolubly fused. The most attractive feature of this method is that the surface acquires a peculiar pebbled character in the heat, so that when the glass is in place the lights are beautifully soft and mellow.

Swimmers the Prey of Eels.

A remarkable story of the seizure of swimmers by eels comes from New Zealand. A stream in New Zealand was a favorite bathing place because the current was swift and strong. Time after time the bathers would begin to shriek and splash on the surface, would disappear before help could reach him, and when his body had been found it had invariably been eaten by eels. The cause of the fatality remained shrouded in mystery, for a long time, but at length the true cause was discovered that whilst the swimmer was almost stationary in the rapid stream a huge eel would seize him by the foot or leg and drag him down beneath the surface.

Towel Sewed Up in Her.

A towel, a yard long and a foot wide, with a red border, was accidentally sewed up inside Mrs. Mollie Myers when she was operated on in St. Vincent's hospital in November, 1905, according to an affidavit filed with the supreme court by Dr. Benjamin Friedman, formerly of this city, now living in Hungary. Mrs. Myers holds Dr. Herman J. Boldt, of No. 30 East Sixty-first street, responsible and has sued him for damages.

Dr. Friedman asserts that when he recovered the towel, after it had remained five weeks inside Mrs. Myers, it bore the label "St. Vincent's Hospital."

"A few days later," alleges Dr. Friedman, "I met Dr. Boldt, who told me that he had sent the towel to the New York County Medical association as a curiosity, indicating the great vitality of the patient. Mrs. Myers told me she was going to sue Dr. Boldt, and I told him of this. He said he was insured against such accidents and that he did not care, as such an accident could not hurt his reputation. He admitted at the time that he might have left the towel in Mrs. Myers' body."—New York World.

Historic Blackguards

By Albert Payson Terhune

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Colonel Blood, a "Dime Novel Hero" in Real Life

THIS is the story of a man whose adventures were wilder and more dramatic than those of a dime novel hero.

The man was "Colonel" or "Captain" Blood, a soldier of CAPTAIN BLOOD fortune, born in Ireland about 1628. When parliament went to war against King Charles of England this young adventurer joined the Parliamentary army and won a reputation for reckless courage. After parliament had overthrown and beheaded the king and had put Oliver Cromwell in charge of England's government, Colonel Blood found himself without any occupation thrilling enough to satisfy him. But his time came soon after Charles II. (son of the beheaded monarch) mounted the British throne.

Blood then stirred up an insurrection in Ireland, planning to begin the rebellion with the capture of Dublin Castle and the seizing of the Duke of Ormond, lord-lieutenant of Ireland. It was a clever plot. But it failed. Blood escaped. Many of his friends and fellow-rebels were hanged. Blood vowed revenge upon the Duke of Ormond for these executions.

He fled to Holland, but soon ventured back to England. There he proceeded to work out his revenge. Ormond was driving home, on the night of December 6, 1670, through the dark London streets, when his carriage was surrounded by Blood and a party of unknown men. Ormond was seized, dragged from his coach and hustled off in the direction of Tyburn Hill (London's official place of execution and the spot where some of Blood's friends had been hanged).

Blood coolly informed the duke that they intended to hang him from the gibbet on which the conspirators had perished. The threat would have been carried out then and there had not a party of Ormond's followers ridden up in hot pursuit and rescued their struggling master.

Blood once more escaped unsuspected. His next plot was the most daring of all. Disguised as a clergyman and followed by one or two accomplices, he wandered into the Tower of London. From room to room he and his friends went, gazing in open-mouthed wonder at the sights, as any party of simple country folk might have done. At length they came to the apartment where the crown and "orb" and scepter and other royal jewels of England were kept.

At a signal, Edwards, the guardian of the treasure, was attacked. He defended himself and was nearly murdered. Leaving Edwards bound on the floor, Blood snatched up the jeweled crown of England, hid it under his long clerical cloak and strolled peacefully out of the room. One of his followers stole the "orb" and followed him.

But the alarm had been raised. The thieves were chased and caught. Thus England was spared the unspeakable humiliation of losing its royal crown by a thief. Blood was thrown into jail. No one doubted that he would be put to death at once. People wondered what tortures would be inflicted on the man who had dared to lay unholy hands on the royal regalia.

But Blood's luck held good. He managed to get word to King Charles II. that if he were executed there were hundreds of friends who would avenge his death. He is also said to have been in the secret employ of the disolute Duke of Buckingham, who was a favorite of the king and who hated the Duke of Ormond. It was even whispered that Buckingham had inspired Blood's attack on Ormond and that he perhaps counted on paying some of his own dual gambling debts out of the sale of the stolen crown jewels.

In any case, instead of ordering Blood's immediate execution, Charles II. actually visited him in prison. No one knows just what took place during the interview or what royal scandals Blood threatened to expose if he were killed. To every one's surprise, Charles not only set Blood free, but placed him in high favor at court and granted him a pension of \$2,500 a year.

For the next ten years Blood was a personage of importance in London. The thief and blackmailer waxed rich (while poor Edwards was refused even a petty reward for his plucky defense of the crown jewels.) At last, the lucky man went too far. He spread scandalous stories about his patron, Buckingham—probably by way of blackmail—and was arrested.

He was released on bail. In August, 1680, he died under somewhat suspicious circumstances while waiting to be tried.

Woman's Factory.

A silk spinning factory near Marcellus, which was organized by a woman and is managed by women, boasts that within the nine years of its existence it has never had a strike. One thousand women are employed by Mme. Garnier, the owner. The only men in the factory are those employed to fill positions unsuitable for women, such as stokers, etc.

Mme. Garnier planned the factory herself in every detail. The machinery for silk spinning is an invention of her own, and has proved so successful that she is enabled to give her employes more than the average wages and still compete successfully with rival industries. Perhaps some of our own manufacturers would do well to go and take a few lessons from Mme. Garnier.

HORACE GREELEY IS OUTDONE

Joaquin Miller is Believed to Be the World's Champion at Illegible Writing.

Old-time printers are never tired of telling weird stories of the unreadable handwriting of Horace Greeley. In modern times it has been said that the "copy" of Mr. William Winter was a task to worry even the smartest compositor, but it is said that the champion illegible writer is Joaquin Miller, the "Poet of the Sierras." It is related that some time ago the secretary of a well known club in San Francisco wrote to Joaquin Miller, asking him to take part in some celebration. In response to the secretary's letter came a four page letter from the poet, but none in the club could decipher it.

There was nothing for it but to write again to Mr. Miller stating that it could not be determined whether his letter was an acceptance or a refusal, and the secretary added, to make sure: "If you will be present on the date mentioned, will you kindly make a cross on the bottom of this letter, and return it? If it will be impossible for you to appear, kindly draw a circle."

By return mail the secretary's letter was returned to him, and at the bottom was the sign as he had been requested.

But it was absolutely impossible for anyone to tell whether the sign was meant to be a cross or a circle.

GOT FEAST, BUT NO BULLETS

Hungry Soldier in Besieged Town of Kimberley Called the Bluff Made by Colonel Kekewich.

In some reminiscences of the late Boer war Colonel Kekewich, who so gallantly defended Kimberley for 126 days, tells the following story:

One day he was approached by a private, who asked:

"Colonel, when do you expect we are going to get something to eat?" "Eat!" exclaimed the colonel. "Did you join the army merely to get something to eat?"

"Well, that's about the size of it," replied the soldier.

"Here," said the colonel, calling an officer, "give this man something to eat, and then have him shot."

The officer understood the joke and replied: "All right, colonel."

The private, however, exhibited no alarm, and, turning to the officer, said:

"Boil me a ham, cap'n, stew up a couple of chickens, bake two or three pounds of potatoes, fetch a gallon of beer and load yer guns! With such inducements the man who wouldn't be willing to die is a blithering idiot."

A hearty meal was prepared for the soldier and the threatened execution never came off.—Tit-Bits.

Moses, Electrician.

That electricity must have been known to the ancients has been many times asserted, but now comes forward an electrician in Munich—Mr. Stadelmann—who has been in times past an archaeologist, to assert that he found in Egypt, in buried walls, indications denoting the use of electric lamps, says a writer in Harper's Weekly. He claims that Moses brought electricity from Egypt, and that there are Biblical paragraphs which will bear him out in his statement that lightning rods were in use in the temple at Jerusalem. Stadelmann believes that the serpent of bronze of Moses was nothing more or less than an ordinary lightning rod such as is in use today.

He points out, further, that the Ark of the Covenant, made as it was of wood and adorned inside and out with gold, constituted a veritable Leyden jar which communicated with a lightning rod on the roof, and that it was so arranged that under determined conditions it could be charged with electric fluid and produce the death of any ignorant person daring to enter the sacred precincts of the ark without necessary precautions.

SOME FACTS ABOUT SLEEP

Caused by a Withdrawal of Blood From the Brain, Says Modern Physiology.

All the organs of life rest in some way or other. The heart has an interval of rest between each combined act of contraction and expansion and the beginning of a fresh act. Between each expiration of the lungs and the succeeding inspiration there is a period of repose. Physiologists have calculated that the heart reposes during about one-fourth of the time.

Certain of the other organs suspend their activity in part during sleep. Old physiologists supposed that sleep was caused by the pressure of the blood on the brain. But modern physiology, with a tendency to regard the brain as the origin of all force and of all functions of the body, inclines to the view that sleep is caused by a withdrawal of blood from the brain.

As a rule, the larger the brain the more sleep it requires. Webster went to bed at nine o'clock and rose at five. General Grant used to say, during his campaigns, "I can do nothing without nine hours' sleep."

A curious trait has marked men of large brain—that of sleeping at will. Bonaparte used to throw himself on the ground and go to sleep within a space of two minutes. Pitt was a sound sleeper, and slept right after night in the house of commons while his colleagues watched the debate and roused him when it was necessary that he should speak.

The Reason.

"Hamington Fatter says he enjoys playing to matinee audiences much more than night audiences."

"I guess it's safer."

"How is that?"

"Matinee audiences are composed largely of women, and women can't throw straight."

CLAUDE S. ALLEN.

Will Get Prison Sentence For Shooting Up Court.



Photo by American Press Association.

CLAUDE ALLEN GUILTY

Man Who Shot Judge at Hillsville, Va., Gets Prison Term.

Wytheville, Va., June 3.—After deliberating for two hours and a half the jury found Claude Swanson Allen guilty of murder in the second degree for the killing of Judge Thornton L. Massie, at Hillsville, in March.

The jury recommended his punishment be fixed at fifteen years in the penitentiary. Sentence was deferred in order that he may testify in the other cases growing out of the shooting up of the Carroll county court.

NO STAY AT HOMES IN BELGIUM ELECTION

Must Vote or Give a Satisfactory Reason.

Philadelphian, June 3.—F. Vergauewen, Belgium's representative to the International Navigation Congress, which recently closed its sessions here, was forced to obtain a certification from Mayor Blankenburg to prove that he was in Philadelphia on this date in order to prevent serious results upon his return home and give a good excuse as to why he did not cast a vote at the election in Belgium Sunday.

Mr. Vergauewen explained that in Belgium, although a monarchy, obligatory elections for members of the legislature took place Sunday, and every man is supposed to vote or give a satisfactory reason as to why he had not voted.

It is not a question of having to pull the voters to the polls in his country, he explained, but it is absolutely necessary that they go or they are liable to a jail sentence. The fact that he is in this country as his country's representative would not excuse him, Mr. Vergauewen declared, but it was necessary for him to prove that he was here on the exact election date.

Mayor Blankenburg made a sworn statement that Belgium's representative to the Navigation Congress really was in Philadelphia.

PRINCE MAKES AIR TRIP

Henry of Prussia Passenger on Zep.

Hamburg, June 3.—The dirigible balloon Zeppelin III made a trip to Bremen, with Count Zeppelin in command.

Prince Henry of Prussia and Burgomaster Burchard were passengers. Owing to a storm, no landing was made at Bremen, and after varying the course several times the Zeppelin III returned to Hamburg.

POURS HOT METAL ON HIM

Workman's Revenge on Mate May Prove Fatal.

Michigan City, Ind., June 3.—Pouring a ladle full of molten metal down the back of a fellow foundry worker was the method taken by Joseph Hyran to settle an old grudge.

The victim, Nephew Sam, may die of his injuries. He was picked up unconscious and taken to a hospital. Hyran was arrested.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

| | Temp. | Weather. |
|------------------|-------|------------|
| Albany..... | 80 | Cloudy. |
| Atlantic City... | 86 | Cloudy. |
| Boston..... | 76 | Clear. |
| Buffalo..... | 60 | P. Cloudy. |
| Chicago..... | 74 | Clear. |
| New Orleans.... | 76 | Cloudy. |
| New York..... | 56 | Cloudy. |
| Philadelphia.... | 84 | P. Cloudy. |
| St. Louis..... | 74 | Clear. |
| Washington..... | 84 | Cloudy. |

Weather Forecast.

Fair today; unsettled tomorrow; southerly winds.

Public Sale

of LUMBER, SLAB and CORD WOOD FRIDAY, JUNE 7th

On the McIlhenny farm, formerly the Cobean farm, 1 mile from Gettysburg, along the Mummasburg road, the following:

80 Cords of white oak and hickory, slab wood cut in 12 inch lengths, 15,000 feet of offal boards and scantling, 40 cords of chunk wood, 20 acres of nut tree, tops and standing timber, chips,

SHORE GRAFTERS FLEE ATLANTIC

Politicians Leave When Attorney General Arrives.

MANY TO BE ARRESTED

Warrants Have Been Sworn Out For at Least Forty-seven—Graft Rampant For Years.

Atlantic City, N. J., June 3.—The exodus of politicians, big and small, from ward bosses, involved in charges of vote buying and ballot stuffing, to ward heelers, who have been systematically and fraudulently depleting the city treasury, began here when it is learned that Attorney General Edmund S. Wilson, prepared to prosecute the accused men, would arrive today.

Practically every train that left Atlantic City had on board a dozen or more accused political workers, who, during the dragnet of the Burns detectives drawing too close to them, are seeking to evade the arrest which will inevitably follow.

Philadelphia was for a time the haven for the political wreckage of Atlantic City, for Philadelphia is the nearest port of refuge, inquiry at the homes of many politicians whose names have been mentioned indirectly with the sensational charges of the Burns operatives disclosed the fact that they are not in the city.

According to the statement of a Burns detective there is but little chance of escape for those fleeing the city, as hundreds of operatives, who have been working as bartenders, cab drivers, hotel waiters and at other occupations, are on the trail.

The climax in the wave of corruption that has startled the political world from the Atlantic to the Pacific will in all probability develop when the axe that has for months been suspended over the heads of the accused men will drop.

Attorney General Edmund S. Wilson has made out warrants for the arrest of at least forty-seven men. The work of corraling the men accused of every kind of graft will soon begin in earnest.

Wilson was presented with the evidence against all of the accused men by William J. Burns when the latter paid a visit to the attorney general at Trenton before going to San Francisco, where he is to play a conspicuous part in the prosecution of Clarence Darrow, the attorney accused of bribe giving in connection with the trial of the McNamara brothers.

Another development in the exposure will take place tonight when Atlantic City councils will hold a special meeting. The purpose of this meeting, while not authoritatively stated, is believed to have some connection with the present investigation.

Councilman Samuel S. Phoebeus, one of the men ensnared in the boardwalk trap, has left Atlantic City for the home of his mother in Virginia, where he will remain until the return of William J. Burns to Atlantic City. Phoebeus has resigned his chair in city councils.

Councilmen Lane and Malia, it is said authoritatively, will also tender their resignations to Mayor Bacha rach.

The disclosures that have been made in connection with the graft charge against the Atlantic City councilmen are only a small portion of the startling discoveries of the Burns detectives. One year's investigation in Atlantic City discloses that graft was rampant for ten years, and that hundreds of men, although in no way connected with the municipal government, have been receiving the city's money regularly during that time.

Burns detectives, who had taken positions in certain cafes where they gained the confidences of the "big" politicians, came in for a share of the graft, it is charged. These detectives are in possession of vouchers they have never cashed, and these vouchers will be used against the donors when the time comes for the attorney general to "clamp the lid" on Atlantic City.

Forty-seven politicians and city employees are "slated" for arrest. Out of this number forty-one were summoned before Burns before the latter left Atlantic City. Twenty-nine of these, it is said, have made complete confessions of their complicity in the grafting that has been carried on for years, and the name of another councilman, it is said, has been added to the list of those councilmen who have made clean breasts of their connection with the fake concrete boardwalk deal.

Not Guilty of Killing Husband.

Chicago, June 3.—Mrs. Jane Quinn, accused of shooting and killing John M. Quinn, her third husband, as he lay in bed last December, was found not guilty by a jury in the criminal court. Mrs. Quinn maintained that her husband was killed by a burglar. She fainted when the verdict of acquittal was read.

Lorimer to Hear Kern Attack Him.

Chicago, June 3.—Senator William Lorimer left for Washington. He expects to be in the senate when Senator Kern begins his address of attack. Friends of Senator Lorimer reiterated their statement that he would not resign. The senator declined to discuss any phase of his case.

chucks, sawdust and ashes.

Sale to commence at 1 o'clock, P. M. sharp. A credit of three months will be given to all purchasers giving their notes with approved security. All sums under \$5.00 cash. Positively no lumber to be removed until sale is over.

H. A. Myers

J. M. Caldwell, Auc.

P. A. Miller, Clerk.

WANTED: man and wife to work on farm by the year, house furnished and farm stocked. Inquire at Times office.

BASE BALL SCORES.

Following is the Result of Games Saturday and Sunday.

AMERICAN LEAGUE. Saturday's Games. At Chicago—Chicago, 6; Athletics, 2. Batteries—Heinz, Slogridge, Sullivan; Bender, Thomas. At St. Louis—Washington, 3; St. Louis, 3. Batteries—Hughes, Henry; Nelson, Hamilton, Kritchell. At Detroit—Detroit, 9; New York, 3. Batteries—Summers, Stange; Caldwell, Hoff, Warhop, Sweeney. At Cleveland—Cleveland, 9; Boston, 2. Batteries—Kahler, Easterly; Hall, Collins, Pape, Nunamaker.

Sunday's Games. At Chicago—Athletics, 3; Chicago, 1. Batteries—Coombs, Lapp; Peters, Walsh, Kuhn, Sullivan. At Detroit—New York, 6; Detroit, 3. Batteries—Ford, Sweeney; Mullin, Stange. At Cleveland—Boston, 5; Cleveland, 4. Batteries—Wood, Nunamaker; George, Adams. At St. Louis—Washington, 6; St. Louis, 3. Batteries—Groom, Henry; Lake, Brown, Kritchell.

Standing of the Clubs. W. L. P. C. Chicago, 29 13 690 Washin, 20 21 438 Boston, 26 14 650 Cleveland 18 20 473 Athletics 18 17 514 N. York, 13 23 361 Detroit, 21 21 500 St. Louis 12 28 390

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Saturday's Games. At Philadelphia—Pittsburgh, 7; Philadelphia, 3. Batteries—Robinson, Camnitz, Gibson; Curtis, Seaton, Moran, Doolin. At Boston—Chicago, 7; Boston, 5. Batteries—Ruelbach, Smith, Needham; Dickinson, Perdue, Taylor, Kling. At New York—New York, 13; St. Louis, 4. Batteries—Mathewson, Myers, Steele, Harmon, Winsor. At Brooklyn—Cincinnati, 7; Brooklyn, 3. Batteries—Suggs, McLean; Ragan, Berger, Erwin.

No Sunday games scheduled. Standing of the Clubs. W. L. P. C. N. York, 29 7 806 St. Louis 20 23 465 Cincinnati, 24 17 585 Philada., 14 20 412 Chicago, 20 17 541 Brooklyn, 9 15 375 Pittsburgh, 19 17 528 Boston, 13 27 327

TRI-STATE LEAGUE.

Saturday's Games. At Lancaster—York, 8; Lancaster, 5. Batteries—Russell, Culp, Fingal; Chabek, Stanley, Rementer. At Allentown—Allentown, 5; Harrisburg, 1. Batteries—McCurdy, Miller; Manning, Morton. At Wilmington—Johnstown, 15; Wilmington, 7. Batteries—Barker, Topham, Therre; Llewellyn, Salmon, Tolin, Kerr. At Trenton—Trenton, 11; Altoona, 2. Batteries—Girard, Mitchell; Horsey, Scott, Roelzie.

Standing of the Clubs. W. L. P. C. Trenton, 19 7 630 Allentown, 12 13 486 Harrisburg, 16 10 615 Altoona, 11 15 423 Johnstown, 14 11 569 Wilming, 9 15 375 Lancaster 13 11 542 York, 10 17 376

THOUSANDS VISIT BRETHREN AT YORK

Members Attend From All Sections of Country.

York, Pa., June 3.—Thirty-five thousand visitors were attracted to this city Sunday by the national conference of the Church of the Brethren, the largest attendance. It is said, in the history of the church.

The streets of the city and the fair grounds, where the conference sessions are being held, were alive with men in long flowing beards and large felt hats and women neatly attired in plain dresses and bonnets.

It was the "big day" of the conference, and there were brethren present from as far west as California, as far north as northern Michigan and as far south as Georgia.

Perhaps the largest Sunday school that ever assembled anywhere in the United States was on the fair grounds in the tabernacle at least 8000 people assembled. The school was in charge of the Sunday school board and Laia; etide Steele, of Walkerton, Ind., presided. Dr. P. B. Fitzwater, of Princeton, N. J., had charge of the first division of the lesson, "The Lesson Material." He scored ostentation and parade of self. He said there are some persons today who profess to be Christians and live like Satan.

TREASURY DEFICIT FADES

Cut Nearly in Half in May and May Disappear in June.

Washington, June 3.—Large customs and internal revenue receipts cut the deficit of the federal government nearly in half during May.

The deficit for the fiscal year is now only \$6,462,000, as compared with \$12,550,000 a month ago. This is the lowest deficit for several months. A year ago the deficit amounted to \$6,876,600.

The deficit, it is expected, will be entirely wiped out during June by payments of the corporation tax and the treasury given a surplus of several million dollars.

Warrant For Tom Watson.

Macon, Ga., June 3.—A warrant for the arrest of Thomas E. Watson, once candidate for president on the Populist ticket, was issued at the instance of United States District Attorney Alexander Akerman. The warrant charges Mr. Watson with sending obscene matter through the mails.

Farmer Bitten by a Horse.

Carlisle, Pa., June 3.—While George Reeder, a farmer residing a few miles west of Carlisle, was putting a collar on one of his farm horses, he was terribly bitten about the chest and left shoulder when the animal turned and quickly sank its teeth into his arm.

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MAKES FRAME FOR THE FACE

Neck Band of Ribbon or Gimpes of White Net and Lace Are Both Effective.

The corsage or blouse with the neck cut a little low, leaving the throat bare, is more than likely to die hard. As the season advances, however, it becomes less practicable wear, and many women have made the discovery that some addition is necessary during the winter. A very smart and dainty finish has been invented, which is becoming to nearly every face. This consists of a ribbon as wide as the length of the neck will permit, and which is made to fit closely round the throat. At the top there is a narrow edging of white or ivory embroidery or net, while below it there is a two-inch flounce of finely killed tulle, which makes a kind of Toby frill, neatly and simply arranged. The ribbon must, of course, be carefully chosen to accord with the gown, and as most of the gowns of today have a touch of black introduced, black ribbon is the most in evidence.

There is, however, another way of relieving the darkness of an autumn or winter corsage. This consists of a neck band and a kind of gimpes fashioned of white net and lace. The gimpes is worn outside instead of under the corsage. In front it falls nearly to the waist, while at the back it forms a deep, rounded sailor collar. If made of finely tucked net it is enriched with rows of delicate darned lace, while it is supplemented with a border of the same lace as an edging. Thus the face is set in a frame of fresh white which is eminently becoming, and very much enhances the costume with which it is worn. The sides and sleeves of the corsage are, besides, often of white or color, with a volage of mousseline-de-sile in black, navy, or brown, according to the color of the dress, the effect being rich and handsome. This is an adaptation which can easily be made on the toilette which has seen its first season and which is beginning to show signs of old age.

LACE USED ON EVERYTHING

At Least, There Are Few Articles of the Costume on Which It Is Not Found.

With the emphasis laid on revolutionary modes and styles of the empire, lace has assumed a place of importance that it were well to consider in planning frocks or ornate dresses for afternoon and evening.

Ruffles of lace have been placed on the lower edge of skirts under the tunic. There is little fulness in these new skirts. The straight silhouette, although decidedly removed from the hobble line of last season, must be adhered to and, therefore, the ruffles must be scant.

Many long sleeves show ruffles at the wrist. Fine laces are used for this, giving soft folds of white over the hand.

Lace is used for jabots, blouses, revers and collarettes on dresses. Wide and narrow bands and edgings are equally popular. Frills of black and white lace fall down the fronts of cloth frocks. They are in the mode of cases adjustable, and one dress, therefore, can show many little touches by the mere removal and replacing of a frill.

The use of lace on evening hats is decidedly noticeable. High, puffed crowns of allover Valenciennes lace, of coarser varieties or of Irish lace in combination with valenciennes are used on models that have lightness of weight and fresh colorings for their chief recommendations.

Wraps are trimmed with heavy laces edged with fur. Hoods of lace lined with shirred chiffon or soft platings of silk are in demand; and you may be sure that the French modistes always meet a demand.

Lace scarfs, beaded and trimmed with bands of chenille embroidery, are shown in many of the little shops in which accessories of dress are emphasized. By the way, how many "little shops" there are over in Paris!

NEAT PAPER WEIGHT



There are only two features that it is necessary that a paper weight should contain. The one is that it should be heavy, and the other is that it should be as ornamental as possible. A very capital paper weight can be made with the aid of any ordinary empty wooden match box, filled with shot or small stones, or anything of weight, and then entirely covered with some dainty remnant of silk or satin on which some pretty floral design has been either embroidered or painted. When this has been done, to complete the weight, it should be edged with a fine silk cord, chosen in some contrasting shade of color. In our sketch may be seen an ornamental little article of this kind, made in the manner directed.

Vanderbilt Gets a Tip.

There are a lot of stories told of that famous amateur whip, Alfred Vanderbilt, who has once again taken to himself a wife. On one occasion he had an amusing experience while driving his coach between London and Brighton. At one stopping place an American approached him and handed him a substantial "tip." "I touched my hat in customary style," said Mr. Vanderbilt afterwards, "took the money and put it in my pocket, and I think I had the better of him. I don't know whether this particular American intended it as a snub because I was a coachman or because he didn't know me; let us give him the benefit of the doubt—either way it's good enough." Mr. Vanderbilt, by the way, inherited \$20,000,000 from his father, the late Cornelius Vanderbilt. He owns over 100 prize horses and considers coaching "the finest sport in the world."—London Tatler.

REAL ESTATE

If you want to sell or rent your real estate, no matter where located, or, if you want to buy or exchange any kind of real estate, or have rents collected, or properties insured, call on or address,

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Real Estate and Insurance Agent,
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GETTYSBURG MAKRETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse, corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr., Successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons, Co.

| | Per Bu |
|---------------|--------|
| New Dry Wheat | \$1.12 |
| Ear Corn | .80 |
| Rye | .80 |
| New Oats | .55 |

RETAIL PRICES

| | Per 100 |
|--------------------|-----------------|
| Daisy Dairy Feed | \$1.40 |
| Scholar Stock Feed | 1.60 |
| Hand Packed Bran | 1.60 |
| Coarse Spring Bran | 1.50 |
| Cotton Seed Meal | 1.80 |
| Corn and Oats Chop | 1.60 |
| White Middlings | 1.70 |
| Red Middlings | 1.60 |
| Timothy Hay | 1.25 |
| Rye Chop | 1.75 |
| Baled Straw | .75 |
| Plaster | \$7.00 per ton |
| Cement | \$1.15 per bbl. |

| | Per bbl. |
|---------------|----------|
| Flour | \$5.20 |
| Western Flour | 6.40 |

| | Per bu. |
|--------------|---------|
| Wheat | \$1.25 |
| Ear Corn | .90 |
| Shelled Corn | .90 |
| Oats | .65 |
| Western Oats | .65 |

FOR SALE

The farm of the late William H. Adams, five miles north of Gettysburg, along the Harrisburg state road containing seventy-five acres, three acres of timber, improved with a frame house and barn, two wells of water and all other buildings. For further information call on or address

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If you suffer from rheumatic agony or have a relative or friend who is tortured, read the following thankful letter, then go to The People's Drug Store and get a 50 cent bottle of RHEUMA. They sell it on money back plan.

One year ago I had a most severe attack of rheumatism, lasting over nine weeks. Two bottles of RHEUMA cured me so completely I have never had the slightest return of the disease. We have had rheumatism for more than a year, and she too was cured. Her joints were all stiffened and swollen, and she had previously tried everything for rheumatism she had ever heard of." George M. Ross, 338 N. Warren Ave., Saginaw, Mich., July 27, 1911.

RHEUMA starts to drive the uric acid from your system within a few hours after the first dose. It acts on kidneys, stomach, liver and bladder and brings blessed relief in one or

